



Introducing Artificial Intelligence Technology to Risk Stratify Elective Waiting Lists across Cheshire & Merseyside

Update on project progress and next steps

Helping put the right patient, in the right environment, with the right team, at the right time.

NHS England and NHS Improvement



Data requirements from the Trust and system outputs



Patient co-morbidity/diagnosis data

- Some trusts collate co-morbidity data routinely based on previous admission coding
- In the absence of this, the co-morbidity data for waiting list patients can be extracted from a minimum of one year download of all coded data (HES data)
- If a patient has no preceding admission, an assumption will be made that there are no significant co-morbidities

Procedure data

All patients are given an intended procedure code
Can be accessed from NHS Portal or extracted from text if codes are not routinely recorded



System outputs

- Patient identifier (hospital number)
- Age
- Date first listed
- Current length of time on the waiting list
- Intended procedure
- Intended procedure code
- Suggested priority "P" code
- Overall risk of death
- Overall risk of complication
- List of all complications with a risk over 2.5% (this can be customised)
- Change in mortality risk if surgery delayed
- Change in overall complication risk if surgery delayed
- Change in complication profile if surgery delayed



How can Trusts use these data?

Improved Clinical Prioritisation

Site specific planning

Workforce planning

Prehabilitation

Health Inequalities

Reduced emergency admissions

Reduced administration burden

Emerging findings from Pilots

WL management / data cleansing

- 15% of P codes don't line up with AI system
- Ability to prioritise within P cohorts and waiting time brackets
- Duplicates on WL
- Cohort patients by site/IS/cold
- System view PTL at system level, and cross referencing between trusts (NHS number enables enhanced risk management across sites)

Efficiencies & focussing resources

- Time taken to validate 20k x 5 mins = 417 sessions (£187k)
 - Opportunity cost lost activity
- Prehabilitation to be focussed on high risk patients (e.g. chest infections)

Quality / Outcomes

- Deterioration of patients increasing LOS and cost (5k patients found to have increased risk of complication over 6 month period. 2.5k x 1day increased LOS = 2.5k saved bed days)
- Conditions deteriorating and risk of ED presentation

Procedure	Mortality Risk (%)	Overall complication risk (%)	Dominant complication (%)	Mortality risk if delayed (%)	Complication risk if delayed %	Dominant complication if delayed (%)	NH
Colectomy cancer	0.6	7.3	Chest infection 2.5	2.6	12.0	Chest infection 8.0	
Colectomy benign	0.4	6.1	Chest infection 2.4	1.4	9.9	Chest infection 4.7	
Appendectomy	0.3	5.3	Wound infection 3.3	0.4	6.1	Wound infection 5.0	
Small bowel resection	0.5	7.0	Chest infection 2.4	1.2	9.4	Chest infection 4.6	
Partial gastrectomy	0.5	7.0	Chest infection 6.0	1.5	10.7	Chest infection 7.0	
Cholecystectomy Low risk	0.3	5.3	Chest infection 3.1	0.6	9.0	Chest infection 5.0	
Cholecystectomy Moderate risk	0.7	11.3	Chest infection 4.0	2.1	16.7	Chest infection 7.4	
AAA repair	2.3	11.4	Chest infection 5.0	36.0	39.0	Chest infection 16.7	
Aorto-femoral bypass	1.2	9.4	Chest infection 5.0	4.6	24.0	Chest infection 6.3	
Hernia	0.3	5.3	Wound infection 1.5	0.9	9.5	Wound infection 2.7	
TURP	0.8	10.2	UTI 3.9	1.0	11.6	UTI 4.0	
Cervical disc surgery	0.5	7.6	Chest infection 5.3	0.7	9.7	Chest infection 5.9	

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	STHK	WHH	LUFHT	Total	Percentage
Patients analysed	15846	10471	16265	42582	
minus: Endoscopies/ OP procedures	6199	4451	587	11237	26%
minus: No recorded procedure	216	236	51	503	1%
minus: Duplicate entries	21	156	1428	1605	4%
minus: Procedures not in COMPASS	4401	1423	2917	8741	21%
COMPASS procedures	5009	4205	11282	20496	48%



			Risk	of comp	plications	in 6 mon	ths						Risk of r	nortalit	y in 6 m	onths		
		Risk of															60	
Current risk -		complicati	5 to	10 to	20 to	40 to	60 to	Total	Current risk of		Current risk of	0 to	5 to	10 to	20 to	40 to	to	Total
complications	Total	ons	10%	20%	40%	60%	80%	Patients	mortality	Total	mortality	5%	10%	20%	40%	60%	80%	Patients
5 to 10%	14290	5 to 10%	12992	1118	180			14290	0 to 5%	18657	0 to 5%	18034	381	196	34		12	18657
10 to 20%	2907	10 to 20%		2332	531	32	12	2907	5 to 10%	903	5 to 10%		686	88	106	14	9	903
20 to 40%	1912	20 to 40%			1540	303	69	1912	10 to 20%	480	10 to 20%			359	55	59	7	480
40 to 60%	861	40 to 60%				665	196	861	20 to 40%	279	20 to 40%				212	23	44	279
60 to 80%	468	60 to 80%					468	468	40 to 60%	83	40 to 60%					68	15	83
		Total							60 to 80%	36	60 to 80%						36	36
Total Patients	20438	Patients	12992	3450	2251	1000	745	20438	Total Patients	20438	Total Patients	18034	1067	643	407	164	123	20438

Vascular Surgery	Average morality risk	Average overall complication risk	Chest infection risk	Myocardial infarction risk	Pulmonary embolus risk	Deep venous thrombosis risk
Current risk	7.3	28.7	4.6	1.3	1.2	2.3
Risk if delay occurs	20.3	42.3	7.3	2.3	1.8	2.9

Within the pilot trusts, the C2-AI data predicted that **5076** (24.8%) patients across the three trusts had an increased risk of mortality of between 0.1-89.9% if surgery was delayed by six months.

The data also showed predicted that **5200** patients (25.4%) had an increased risk of complication of between 0.8-72.1%) if surgery was delayed by six months.

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Site Specific Planning – Orthopaedics Regional View



• The table below provides an example of a summarised view of the elective waiting lists for Hip and Knee replacements across the 2 pilot Trusts:

St Helens & Knowsley	Number	Av wait weeks	Av mortality risk %	Av complication risk %
Total	2146	29		
Hip replacement	248	29	2.6	15.8
Knee replacement	289	28	2.8	15
Warrington & Halton				
Total	2089	33		
Hip replacement	228	36	2.5	15.1
Knee replacement	257	37	1.3	12

St Helens & Knowsley	Chest infection <5%	Haemorrhage <2.5%	DVT <2.5%	PE <2.5%
Нір	37%	78%	42%	82%
Knee	43%	92%	53%	82%
Warrington				
& Halton				
Нір	72%	89%	86%	84%
Knee	79%	98%	83%	89%



6	
'	
	Current risk of
•	mortality
0	0 to 5%
1	5 to 10%
2	10 to 20%
3	20 to 40%
4	40 to 60%
5	60 to 80%
5	Total Patients
7	
8	
	Current risk of
9	complications
D	5 to 10%
1	10 to 20%
2	20 to 40%
3	40 to 60%
4	60 to 80%
-	
5	Total Patients
6	
7	
R	
0	Of all 4051 patien
	M. Ilvin and a sum
1	M: Orinary curre
1	principally Diges
2	J: Other Abaomu
5	from 1.1%.
4	
2	
5	For complication.
7	M: Urinary curre

Risk of mortality in 6 months

Total Patients	0 to 5%	5 to 10%	10 to 20%	20 to 40%	40 to 60%	60 to 80%	Total Patients
4,700	4,652	37	11				4,700
149		129	12	8			149
69			62	7			69
26				23	3		26
6					5	1	6
1						1	1
4,951	4.652	166	85	38	8	2	4,951

		Risk of con	plications in	n 6 months				
Current risk of				1				
complications	Total Patients	5 to 10%	10 to 20%	20 to 40%	40 to 60%	60 to 80%	100%+	Total Patients
5 to 10%	3,842	3,473	355	14				3,842
10 to 20%	599		529	69	1			599
20 to 40%	303			278	24	1		303
40 to 60%	152				134	18		152
60 to 80%	55					55		55
Total Patients	4,951	3,473	884	361	159	74	-	4,951

Of all 4951 patients, the mean average risk of mortality now is 1.3% but in 6 months this will increase to 1.5%.

M: Urinary currently has the biggest mean average mortality risk at 2.1%; in 6 months this is set to be J: Other Abdominal Organsprincipally Digestive with a risk of 3.9%.

J: Other Abdominal Organs-principally Digestive is the OPCS category that sees the greatest increase in mortality with a 2.8% increase from 1.1%.

For complications, the risk increases from a mean average of 10.8% now to 12% in 6 months time.

M: Urinary currently has the biggest mean average complications risk at 14.4%; in 6 months this is set to be J: Other Abdominal Organsprincipally Digestive with a risk of 22.4%.

J: Other Abdominal Organs-principally Digestive is the OPCS category that sees the greatest increase in complications with a 11.5% increase from 10.9%.

* OPCS categories with less than 30 patients have been excluded from the OPCS mean calculations

		Number of
Waiting List by OPCS category	Total Patients	Duplicates
A: Nervous System	-	2
B: Endocrine System and Breast	407	-
C: Eye	1,069	6
D: Ear	85	-
E: Respiratory Tract	195	2
F: Mouth	114	-
G: Upper Digestive Tract	32	-
H: Lower Digestive Tract	198	-
J: Other Abdominal Organs-principally Digestive	142	2
K: Heart	-	-
L: Arteries and Veins	71	4
M: Urinary	521	4
N: Male Genital Organs	312	9
P: Lower Female genital Tract	59	-
Q: Upper Female Genital Tract	113	-
R: Female Genital Tract associated with Pregnancy, Childbirth and Puerperium	-	-
S: Skin	-	14
T: Soft Tissue	608	-
U: Diagnostic Imaging, Testing and Rehabilitation	-	-
V: Bones and Joints of Skull and Spine	1	-
W: Other Bones and Joints	1,016	-
X: Miscellaneous Operations	8	-
Y: Subsidiary Classification of Methods of Operation	-	-
Z: Subsidiary Classification of Sites of Operation	-	-
Total Patients	4.951	43



Hospital Assigned Priority	Total Patients	
P1	-	1000
P2	-	000
P3	-	
P4	-	+
Routine	3,968	
Urgent	976	11/1/
Two week wait	7	
No priority assigned	-	
Total Patients	4,951	

Waiting List by Time Band	Total Patients	
0 to 18	2,664	·
18 to 26	713	
26 to 40	435	
40 to 52	199	
52+	940	
Total Patients	4,951	

Patients on the surgical waiting list by quadrant













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St H&K	WHH		

			Risk of mortality in 6 months						
	Risk of mortality	🔻 Total	0 to 5%	5 to 10%	10 to 20%	20 to 40%	40 to 60%	60 to 80%	Total Patients
	0 to 5%	8671		8574	77	20			8671
f	5 to 10%	277			239	21	17		277
sko	10 to 20%	137				121	14	2	137
nt ri litV	20 to 40%	61					51	10	61
orta	40 to 60%	9						8	1 9
J	60 to 80%	1							1 1
	Total Patients	9156		8574	316	162	82	20	2 9156

			Risk of complications in 6 months						
	Risk of complications	🔻 Total	5 to 10%	10 to 20%	20 to 40%	40 to 60%	60 to 80%	Tota	l Patients
c of	5 to 10%	7176		6514	630	32			7176
risk	10 to 20%	992			862	129	1		992
ent	20 to 40%	572				510	57	5	572
urr mo	40 to 60%	291					258	33	291
0 0	60 to 80%	125						125	125
	Total Patients	9156		6514	1492	671	316	163	9156

There are currently 61 patients on the waiting list with a mortality rate of 20-40% and 9 patients with a mortality risk between 40 and 60%.



If the same patients remain on the waiting list, in 6 months time, there will be 82 patients on the waiting list with a mortality rate of 20-40% and 20 patients with a mortality risk between 40 and 60%.

Currently there are 416 patients who have at least a 40% risk of complications but in 6 months if the patients are not treated there will be 479 patients with a 40% risk of complications.

Procedures by number of patients

Sorted by number of patients waiting for each procedure



Further slicers to narrow down the data based on the risk of mortal

Nortality (now) 💥 🐩	Mortality (6 mths)
0 to 5%	0 to 5%
10 to 20%	10 to 20%
20 to 40%	20 to 40%
40 to 60%	40 to 60%
5 to 10%	5 to 10%
<60 to 80%	< 60 to 80%

Record level data

Sorted by Hospital Assigned Priority

How can Trusts use this data? - Deprivation or Ethnicity



10-20%

20-30%

10%

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Afro Carribean descent Affluent area

Next Steps



- C2-AI to develop "best practice" guidance on requirements for Trusts involved in further rollout
- Clinically-led discussion about application of scoring matrix
- C&M recommendation from 3 Pilot Trusts evaluation for national elective programme
- Prioritised roll out across remaining Cheshire & Merseyside Trusts
- Potential opportunity to pilot in large paediatric hospitals
- Note: interest from neighbouring regions (GM & L&SC) to pilot in other areas